

〔練習27〕

- (1)  $\pm 7$  (2)  $5$

〔練習28〕

7. 15

〔問2〕

省略

〔練習29〕

- (1)  $2\sqrt{3}$  (2)  $7\sqrt{2}$  (3)  $3$  (4)  $22-7\sqrt{6}$

- (5)  $27+12\sqrt{2}$  (6)  $46-12\sqrt{14}$

〔練習30〕

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{A}+\sqrt{B}}$  の分母の有理化は、分母・分子に  $\sqrt{A}-\sqrt{B}$  をかける

- (1)  $3\sqrt{6}$   
 (2)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}(2-\sqrt{3})}{(2+\sqrt{3})(2-\sqrt{3})} = 2\sqrt{3}-3$   
 (3)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})^2}{(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})} = \frac{7+2\sqrt{10}}{3}$   
 (4)  $\frac{3\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{(3\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3})}{(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3})}$   
 $= \frac{21-3\sqrt{21}-\sqrt{21}+3}{(\sqrt{7})^2-(\sqrt{3})^2} = \frac{6-\sqrt{21}}{4}$

〔練習31〕  $x^2+y^2=(x+y)^2-2xy$

- (1)  $x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}}{(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5})(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})} = \frac{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}}{2}$   
 $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}{(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5})} = \frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}{2}$   
 よって  $x+y = \frac{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}{2} = \sqrt{7}$

別解  $x+y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})+(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5})}{(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5})(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})} = \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{2} = \sqrt{7}$

- (2)  $xy = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$   
 (3)  $x^2+y^2=(x+y)^2-2xy=(\sqrt{7})^2-2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 6$  ←この計算はできるように!!  
 (4)  $x^2y+xy^2=xy(x+y) = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{2}$

〔練習1〕  $x^3+y^3=(x+y)^3-3xy(x+y)$

$x = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}+1} = \frac{2(\sqrt{5}-1)}{(\sqrt{5}+1)(\sqrt{5}-1)} = \frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}$

ゆえに

$x+y = \frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2} = \sqrt{5}$        $xy = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}+1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2} = 1$

よって

$x^3+y^3=(x+y)^3-3xy(x+y)$   
 $= (\sqrt{5})^3 - 3 \cdot 1 \cdot \sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$

別解  $x^3+y^3=(x+y)(x^2-xy+y^2)$  の利用

$x^3+y^3=(x+y)(x^2-xy+y^2)$   
 $= (x+y)(x^2+y^2-xy)$   
 $= \sqrt{5}(3-1)$   
 $= 2\sqrt{5}$

〔練習1〕

二重根号

$a>0, b>0$  とする。

1.  $\sqrt{(a+b)+2\sqrt{ab}} = \sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}$

2.  $\sqrt{(a+b)-2\sqrt{ab}} = \sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b} \quad (a>b)$

(1)  $\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{10}} = \sqrt{(5+2)+2\sqrt{5 \cdot 2}} = \sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}$

(2)  $\sqrt{12-6\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{12-2\sqrt{27}}$   
 $= \sqrt{(9+3)-2\sqrt{9 \cdot 3}}$   
 $= \sqrt{9}-\sqrt{3} = 3-\sqrt{3}$

(3)  $\sqrt{3+\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{\frac{6+2\sqrt{5}}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{6+2\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{2}}$   
 $= \frac{\sqrt{(5+1)+2\sqrt{5 \cdot 1}}}{\sqrt{2}}$   
 $= \frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}+\sqrt{2}}{2}$

〔練習32〕

- (1)  $x+8>3x$  (2)  $-4 \leq \frac{x}{2} - 5 \leq 0$  (3)  $-3 \leq a+b < 0$

〔問3〕

- (1) 省略 (2) 省略

〔問4〕

- (1)  $\frac{a}{3} < \frac{b}{3}$  (2)  $\frac{a}{-3} > \frac{b}{-3}$

〔練習33〕

- (1)  $a-2 < b-2$  (2)  $-5a > -5b$   
 (3)  $-\frac{a}{8} > -\frac{b}{8}$  (4)  $1-a > 1-b$

〔練習34〕

- (1)  $5x-8 \leq 22$  (2)  $4x+15 \geq 3$   
 $x \leq 6$   $x \geq -3$   
 (3)  $-6x+5 > 29$   
 $x < -4$

〔練習35〕

- (1)  $3x+6 > 16-2x$  (2)  $4x-7 \leq 7x+8$   
 $x > 2$   $x \geq -5$   
 (3)  $5(3x-1) \geq 8x+1$  (4)  $3(x-2) > 2(5x-3)$   
 $x \geq \frac{6}{7}$   $x < 0$   
 (5)  $\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{2}{3} < \frac{1}{2}(x-2)$  (6)  $0.3x+0.4 \geq 0.8-0.1x$   
 $x < -\frac{4}{3}$   $x \geq 1$

【練習36】

- (1)  $2x+7 \geq 4x-3$  より  $x \leq 5$  ……①  
 $3x+5 > -2x$  より  $x > -1$  ……②  
 ①と②の共通範囲を求めると、 $-1 < x \leq 5$
- (2)  $4x+1 < 3x-1$  より  $x < -2$  ……①  
 $2x-1 \geq 5x+6$  より  $x \leq -\frac{7}{3}$  ……②  
 ①と②の共通範囲を求めると、 $x \leq -\frac{7}{3}$
- (3)  $2x+1 < 6x$  より  $x > \frac{1}{4}$  ……①  
 $\frac{x-6}{7} > \frac{x-5}{5}$  より  $x < \frac{5}{2}$  ……②  
 ①と②の共通範囲を求めると、 $\frac{1}{4} < x < \frac{5}{2}$

【練習37】

- $5x-6 \leq x+1$  より  $x \leq \frac{7}{4}$  ……①  
 $x+1 < 2x$  より  $x > 1$  ……②  
 ①と②の共通範囲を求めると、 $1 < x \leq \frac{7}{4}$

教科書P33 問題の解答↓

【問題6】

- (1)  $\frac{5}{9}$  (2)  $\frac{322}{99}$  (3)  $\frac{1234}{9999}$   
 (4)  $x = 0.\dot{3}2\dot{1}$  とおくと  

$$\begin{array}{r} 1000x = 321.2121\cdots \\ -) \quad 10x = \quad 3.2121\cdots \\ \hline 990x = 318 \end{array}$$
 よって  $x = \frac{318}{990} = \frac{53}{165}$

【問題7】

**絶対値の性質**  
 1,  $|a| \geq 0$   
 2,  $a \geq 0$  のとき,  $|a| = a$   
 $a < 0$  のとき,  $|a| = -a$

$a$  が正か負で場合分け

- (1)  $\frac{7}{4}$  (2)  $\frac{3}{2}$  (3)  $\frac{3}{2}$   
 (4)  $|-\sqrt{3}-1| + |-\sqrt{3}+2| = -(-\sqrt{3}-1) + (-\sqrt{3}+2) = 3$

【問題8】

- (1) 0 (2)  $\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}$  (3)  $\sqrt{6}-24$  (4)  $18\sqrt{3}-24$   
 (5)  $\{(1+\sqrt{2})+\sqrt{3}\}^2 = (1+\sqrt{2})^2 + 2(1+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{3} + (\sqrt{3})^2$   
 $= 6 + 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{6}$

別解⇒  $(a+b+c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2bc + 2ca$  の利用  

$$\begin{aligned} (1+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3})^2 &= 1+2+3+2\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{6}+2\sqrt{3} \\ &= 6+2\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{6} \end{aligned}$$

- (6)  $\{(2-\sqrt{3})+\sqrt{7}\}\{(2-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt{7}\}$   
 $= (2-\sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{7})^2 = -4\sqrt{3}$

【問題9】

- (1)  $-\frac{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{10}}{2}$  (2)  $\sqrt{10}-2$

【問題10】

- (1)  $\frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{2}$  (2)  $\frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{21}}{2}$  (3) 1 (4)  $6-2\sqrt{3}$

【問題11】

- (1)  $x = \frac{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})^2}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})} = 4 - \sqrt{15}$   
 $y = \frac{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3})^2}{(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3})} = 4 + \sqrt{15}$   
 $x+y=8, xy=1$   
 よって  $x^2+y^2 = (x+y)^2 - 2xy = 8^2 - 2 \cdot 1 = 62$
- (2)  $x-y = (4-\sqrt{15}) - (4+\sqrt{15}) = -2\sqrt{15}$   
 よって  $x^2-y^2 = (x+y)(x-y) = 8 \cdot (-2\sqrt{15}) = -16\sqrt{15}$

【問題12】

- (1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1.4142}{2} = 0.7071$
- (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{1.7321}{3} = 0.57736$  よって 0.5774
- (3)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}-1} = \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}+1)}{(\sqrt{3}-1)(\sqrt{3}+1)} = \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{3+1.7321}{2} = 2.36605$  よって 2.3661